Cognition and Learning		Communication and Interaction	
Subject Challenges for SEND	Provision for SEND	Subject Challenges for SEND	Provision for SEND
Accessing reading/ written work. Poor memory and recall skills. Recording written assessments or feedback to listening/ appraising activities. Poor sequencing skills. Understanding French.	Use visual aids to support pupils in understanding words and phrases (use off Knowledge Organiser). Use word banks which include pictures. Some barriers for some pupils with dyslexia or a visual impairment can be removed in straightforward ways, e.g. by changing the font, background colours, etc. Use of ICT to reduce the need for pupils to rely on their short- or long-term memories. New learning fits into the framework of what the pupil already knows. A range of sources of assessment, including individual pupils' successes in the lessons taking account of their oral contributions. Smart grouping: pairing with a more able reader/writer. Build in lots of repetition. when writing up nouns in a language where the article changes. Use different forms of communication — such as gesture — to compensate for difficulties when speaking.	Using their voice expressively. Understanding and using new topic vocabulary.' Lower than expected levels of expressive vocabulary — 'they can't find the words.' Following instructions and sequences.	Use different forms of communication — such as gesture — to compensate for difficulties when speaking Pre-teaching of new vocabulary prior to lesson. Limit vocabulary to that which is necessary to ensure progress. Children are allowed time to discuss the answers to questions with peers. Children with communication impairments are given time to think about questions before being required to respond.

<u>Sensory and Physical</u>		Social Emotional and Mental Health	
Subject Challenges for SEND	Provision for SEND	Subject Challenges for SEND	Provision for SEND
Poor concentration.	Ensure teacher's face can be seen — avoid standing in front of light sources, e.g. windows.	Understanding own thoughts and contrasting with those of others.	Working in a small group with a trusted adult for emotional support.
Overly sensitive to sound/ noise.	Provide sources and themes which are matched to the needs of the child. i.e. enlarged sources/visuals/I.T. Support to avoid conflict/sensory overload — consider ear defenders, a quiet space to work in/ an effective way for a child to communicate any distress.	Working effectively as part of a group Unable to relate to the different emotions being spoken about.	Some children could work individually. Pre-teaching and discussing the responses to the questions that will be asked.